## **OPERATING INSTRUCTION**

# GAS SENSOR GMF 404 E 0-10V CO 300



**GMF 404** 

### Attention!

#### Read and understand all the instructions before you start working.

#### **Due application**

This sensor device measures carbon monoxide up to 300 ppm in the air of car parks. It forms a standard output 0...10V voltage signal.

#### Sensoric

The sensitive element of this measuring device is an electrochemical sensor for carbon monoxide.

### Assembly

This unit is to be installed in 1,5 m ... 1,8 m height.

### Connection to a gaswarning unit

The supply voltage can be within 8...30 Volt DC.

Use shielded 4-wire cable JY(St) 2x2x0.8mm. The wires can be assigned as follows: red => +24V (clamp 1), white => 0-10V (clamp 2), black => 0V (clamp 3), yellow => PE(clamp4) shield (ground) wire => screw on metal sensor case Make sure, that the non isolated shield wire doesn't touch the electronic circuit.

At the gas warning central (GAZ 401/801 or GDS 3232) drill the shield wire on the yellow wire and both must be connected to clamp 4 (PE) at the gas warning central. But do **not** connect the shield wire and the yellow wire to clamp 4 at the gas warning central **if the sensor unit is mounted on an iron or steel girder**.

# Adjusting the output signal

The probe gas must be temperated to the surrounding air, as well as the measuring unit.

#### Equipment

Multimeter 0-20 V Screw driver Zero gas can (synth. air) Calibration gas can (approx. 300 ppm CO) Flow control valve, flow meter 0..1 liter/minute) gas exposing adaptor

#### Zero point adjusting

The sensor must be exposed to zero-gas (synthet. air) with a flow rating =< 0,5 liter/minute.

It must be required that the sensor is clean with CO-gas.

If no zero-gas is available put the jumper to position "N".

Adjust trimmer ", $\mathbf{N}$ " so, that you can read a voltage of approx. 10 mV at **MP2**. So your output signal will be approx. 10mV

If you changed the jumpers position, now put the jumper back to position  $_{\text{B}}^{\text{m}}$ . Now the sensor signal is connected to the amplifier and you can read a voltage approx. 30..50mV. This is the sensors zero offset. You can eleminate it with the zero trimmer  $_{\text{m}}^{\text{m}}$  down to 10mV.

#### Span adjusting

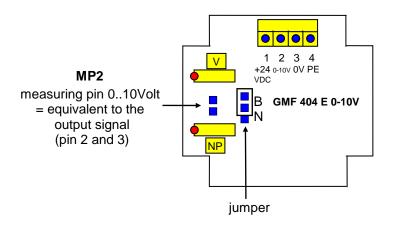
The sensor must be exposed to CO-gas (approx. 300 ppm) with a flow rating =< 0,5 liter/minute.

The trimmer "V" must be adjusted to a special reading on **MP2**. The reading must be calculated as follows:

Reading MP2 = 10 Volt \* gas-concentration / 300 ppm (if measuring range = 300 ppm)

for example: a gas probe with 280 ppm carbon monoxide must give a reading of 9,33 Volt.

### Place plan GMF 404 E 0-10V



# Start-up

The correct setting of the output signal is to be controlled by exposing the measuring unit to an well-known gas concentration. The setting of alarm points at the gaswarning unit is to be controlled.

## Maintenance

The sensor needs maintenance and adjusting every half year.

## Putting out of operation

Is the sensor out of operation for more than 4 weeks, the sensor needs calibration before it can be used correctly.

## **Technical data**

Application:	dusty, dirty areas
Housing:	aluminum, LxWxD: 90x80x80 mm, protection class: IP65
Gas entry:	diffusion, sinter metal filter, protection class IP44
Output signal:	0-10V, linear, temperature compensated
Supply:	12,5-30V DC
Connection cable:	up to 1500 m: JY (ST) Y 2x2x0,8 mm <sup>2</sup>

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Technical changes reserved